

QUARTERLY MACROECONOMIC AND FISCAL BULLETIN

Third Quarterly Report FY1399

Macroeconomic and Fiscal Policy
Directorate General (MFPD)
Ministry of Finance

Meezan 1399 (October 2020)

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3rd Quarterly Report FY1399

Afghanistan's Macroeconomic and Fiscal Performance

Macroeconomic and Fiscal Policy Directorate General (MFPD)

Ministry of Finance, Afghanistan

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Acknowledgments

The Quarterly Macroeconomic and Fiscal Bulletin (QMFB), which is published every quarter in a fiscal year, outlines the country's macroeconomic and fiscal performance during a quarter and compares the fiscal performance of current quarter with the previous quarter. It covers recent economic developments, revenue collection performance, and expenditure execution by sector, province and inputs, and presents the fiscal sustainability and fiscal balance of a quarter.

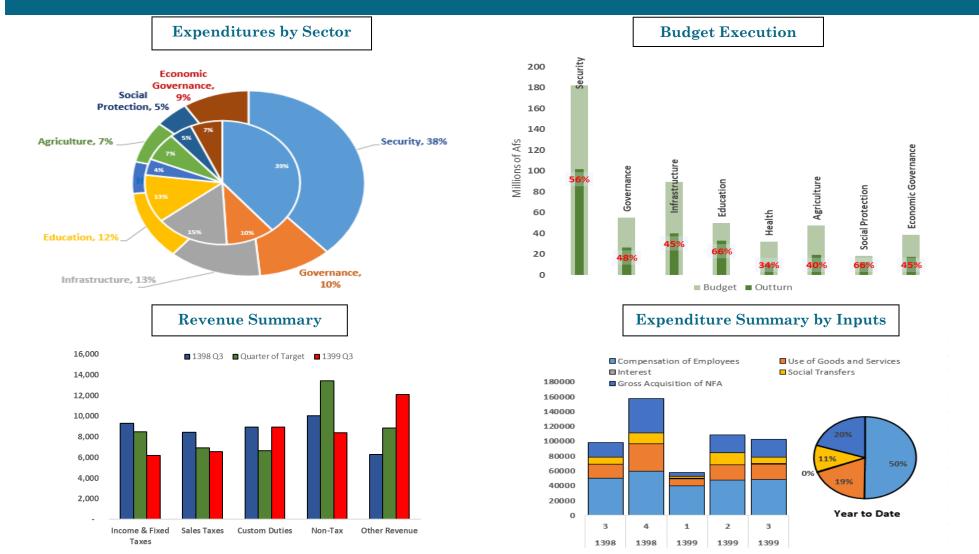
The Quarterly Macroeconomic and Fiscal Bulletin is intended for a wide audience, including policy makers, the development partners, the private sector, and the community analysts and professionals engaged in Afghanistan's economy.

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KEY MESSAGES IN CHARTS



Executive Summary

Afghanistan's economy experienced substantial improvement in development outcomes since 2001, mainly in expanded access to water, sanitation, electricity, education, and health sectors. The country's macroeconomic management remains strong, domestic revenue have increased dramatically since FY1393 (2014) and major public financial management reforms have been implemented.

Afghanistan's economy grew by 3.9 percent in FY1398, driven mainly by strong growth in agriculture sector following recovery from drought. At the same time, the country continued to experience insecurity and political uncertainty. During the first half of FY1399, Afghanistan's economy has been hard-hit by the spread of the COVID-19, which mainly impacted on consumption, exports, and remittance. The economy contracted sharply over the first half of the year, where GDP growth was expected to reach to negative 5 percent during the year. With the favorable weather condition in the country, wheat production and other agriculture crop have supported in agriculture growth, but both industry and service outputs have hardly impacted due to lockdowns, restrictions, and border closures.

The government gradually eased restrictions and lockdown during the third quarter of FY1399. All borders and air-corridors were reopened, where trade (export and imports) activities accelerated with international markets. These all led to a notable increase in economic growth that improved economic activities, consumptions, trade activities, investments during the third quarter of FY1399.

Household consumption has highly declined due to a sharp reduction in household's incomes, disruption to services and retail activities. In addition, investment has also been affected negatively due to the COVID-19 crisis. Poverty rate is expected to have worsened after the COVID-19 pandemic that hugely impacted the living condition of households. And is expected to remain high, driven by weak labor demand and security-related constrains on service deliver.

Prices during FY1399, rapidly increased due to the vast spread of the Covid-19 and pandemic. Food items were highly affected by border closers and pandemic issue, which increased to 9 percent in the second quarter of FY1399, but slightly decline in the third quarter of FY1399. The average inflation rate in the second quarter was 4.2 percent, but declined during the third quarter of the year.

Price stability is an ultimate goal of the country. During all three quarters of FY1399, Afghani currency depreciated against the Euro and Swiss France, but appreciated against Indian rupee, Pakistani Rupee, US dollar, and major international currency that are exchange in the Afghan markets. Currency exchange rate remained fluctuated against the US dollar in between Afs 76 to Afs 77 during all three quarters and will continue to be at this price by end of the year.

Domestic revenue performance continued to be strong till end of FY1398 with total collection of Afs 207.3 billion which means it reached the yearly target. Domestic revenues reached to 15.7 percent of GDP. The strong revenue performance was mainly driven by one-off revenue collections of Afs 32 billion, of which Afs 24 billion were transferred from Da Afghanistan Bank operating profit. Domestic revenue for the FY1399 was target Afs 209 billion, but due to COVID-19 crisis around the country and globe, the target was declined to Afs 177 billion. The collection in the first and second quarters of FY1399 had rapidly deteriorated driven by reduced economic activity, restrictions on international trade, and deteriorating compliance, core domestic revenues were lower by 34 percent against the target. The collection continued to be lower in the third quarter of FY1399. Total government's revenue collection including grants till the end of the third quarter of FY1399 was Afs 232.5 billion, of which Afs 121.1 billion were collected from domestic sources. Domestic revenue collection till the end of the third quarter was 11 percent lower than the same period in FY1398 driven by the impact of COVID-19, weak confidence, political uncertainty, and continued insecurity in the country. Similarly, revenue collection including donor grants has fallen by 7 percent as a result of reduction in grants in the third quarter of FY1399.

Government spending by the end of the third quarter reached Afs 215.1 billion. Recurrent spending reached Afs 183 billion with an estimated execution rate of 59 percent. Recurrent expenditure shows similar amount of spending compared with the same period of last year. The development budget execution shows 41 percent spending. Spending was 11 percent higher compared with same period of last year. Higher development budget execution was driven by discretionary development spending. Donor financed non-discretionary projects are currently undergoing significant restructuring to funding the responds to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Overall operating balance was positive in this period. Total operating budget for the year 1399 was Afs 310 billion. Total budget allocation for both operating and development was Afs 519 billion which will relatively adjust by end of the year due to pandemic issue in the country.

Table 1. GFS Summary

	1398	1398	1399	1399	1399
	Q3	Q3 YTD	Budget	Q3	Q3 YTD
Revenue	86,536	249,968	407,464	93,332	232,506
Tax Revenue	27,536	87,929	90,388	22,158	65,513
Non-Tax Revenue	13,853	44,506	86,892	18,044	51,948
Grants	43,658	113,263	230,184	51,131	111,355
Social Contributions	1,489	4,270	-	1,999	3,690
Expenditure	78,478	206,885	370,155	78,655	215,113
Wages and Salaries	50,213	138,530	210,634	48,525	135,178
Goods and Services	18,290	46,332	117,613	20,513	50,889
Interest	149	430	1,958	274	644
Grants and Transfers	9,827	21,593	39,951	9,344	28,402
Overall Operating Balance	8,057	43,083	37,309	14,677	17,393
Primary Operating Balance	8,207	43,513	39,267	14,951	18,037
Gross Acquisition of Fixed Assets	19,331	54,386	144,553	23,878	53,963
Net Acquisition of Fixed Assets	19,204	54,244	144,553	23,850	53,842
Overall Balance	(11,146)	(11,161)	(107,244)	(9,173)	(36,449)
Primary Balance	(10,997)	(10,731)	(105,286)	(8,899)	(35,805)
Gross Acquisition of Financial Assets	13,614	11,143	107,244	6,313	32,491

^{* 1.} Q stands for quarter

Table 2. Adjustments in the Budget

inal Budget Adj	justed Budget Ch	nange
3,996.1	10,212.0	13%
3,837.7 2	94,134.9	9%
2,991.2 2	10,634.2	4%
,346.5	56,094.0	21%
-	1,957.5	
•	= / =	31% 100%
	996.1 3 837.7 2 991.2 2 346.5	996.1 310,212.0 837.7 294,134.9 991.2 210,634.2 346.5 56,094.0 - 1,957.5 500.0 25,449.2

^{2.} YTD stands for Year to Date

ACQUISITION OF ASSETS	5,158.4	12,133.0	135%
Operating and Development			
Security	177,663.6	182,353.8	3%
Governance	40,372.1	55,315.7	37%
Infrastructure	69,663.3	89,373.7	28%
Education	50,883.2	50,119.0	-2%
Health	16,582.6	32,160.4	94%
Agriculture	37,422.1	47,818.1	28%
Social Protection	17,426.2	18,647.8	7%
Economic Governance	17,488.4	38,919.4	123%
Unclassified	16,846.9	5,251.2	
TOTAL	444,348.6	519,959.2	17%

Macroeconomic Overview

The Afghan economy after a year of drought and intensifying Table 4. Marco-Economic Growth insecurity in FY1398, showed some signs of recovery from 2.7 percent to 3.9 percent GDP growth. Economic recovery was mainly driven by better performance in agriculture crop. But due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 and pandemic issue, insecurity and political uncertainty in the country, GDP growth is expected to fall to -5 percent in FY1399. The impact of COVID-19 significantly hit the economy till the end of the third quarter of the year which mainly stopped and reduced economic activities and investment that resulted to lower revenue collection.

Impacts of COVID-19 on the agriculture sector so far have been limited due to favorable weather condition for production especially for the wheat production. Production of fresh and dry fruits for processing and export, have

In percentage change Unless otherwise noted	Historic 1398	Current 1399	Budget 1400
Real GDP Growth - Factor Price	3.2%	-6%	4.2%
Real GDP Growth - Market Price	3.9%	-5.0%	3.6%
Nominal GDP Level (Afs billion)	1,319.9	1,344.2	1,430.0
NGDP by Sector			
Primary	17.5%	4.5%	6.3%
Secondary	4.8%	-8.1%	24.2%
Tertiary	-1.4%	-11.0%	2.4%
GDP Deflator	2.2%	7.7%	2.8%
CPI Inflation Average	2.8%	5.1%	4.3%

negatively impacted due to disruption to supply chains and **Inflation**: closure of international markets and export routes.

Industry and service sectors have strongly impacted by the spread of the COVID-19 in the country till the end of the third guarter of FY1399. Border closures and banned of international markets impacted highly on export companies and those that rely on imported inputs. Business activities also negatively impacted by contraction in customer demand during this period. Demand for goods and services declined highly due to lockdown measures.

The government gradually eased restrictions and lockdown during the third quarter of FY1399. All borders and aircorridors were reopened, where trade (export and imports) activities accelerated with international markets. These all led to a notable increase in economic growth that improved economic activities, consumptions, trade activities, investments during the third quarter of FY1399.

It is expected with the post pandemic global economic recovery and normal situation in the country, economic growth will pick up to 3.6 percent in FY1400, subject to the post pandemic global economic recovery.

Household consumption has highly declined due to a sharp reduction in household's incomes, disruption to services and retail activities. In addition, investment has also been affected negatively due to the COVID-19 crisis. Poverty rate is expected to have worsened after the COVID-19 pandemic that hugely impacted the living condition of households. And is expected to remain high, driven by weak labor demand and security-related constrains on service deliver.

With the beginning of FY1399 and COVID-19 crisis in the country, the CPI rate increased dramatically. From 119.3 rate in fourth quarter of FY1398 to 126.5 rate in the second quarter of FY1399, but it slightly decline to 123.4 rate in the third quarter of FY1399. Higher CPI rate mainly driven by higher food prices in the international and local markets due to the impact of COVID-19 crisis which increased by 9 percent in the second quarter, but declined to -6.7 percent growth during the third quarter of the year. On the other hand non-food items were almost stable during the year with no effect of COVID-19. It increased to 1 percent only in second quarter, while it declined again slightly to 0.6 percent growth in the third quarter of the year. Food prices were increased mainly due to the impact of COVID-19 and pandemic issues.

The continuation of the pandemic and border closers during quarantine period impacted highly the imports of food items during the second quarter of the year that reached to 9 percent increases.

Table 3. Inflation

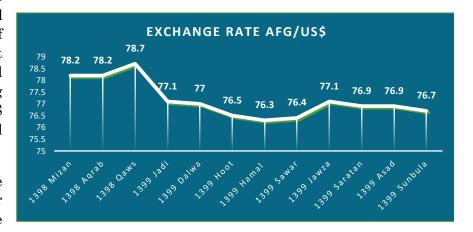
% - Q-0-Q	1398	1398	1399	1399
	$\mathbf{Q}4$	Q1	$\mathbf{Q}2$	Q3
Overall Index (average)	119.3	121.4	126.5	123.4
CPI Rate (average growth)	1.1%	1.7%	4.2%	-2.4%
Food	2.1%	4.0%	9.0%	-6.7%
Non-Food	0.4%	0.2%	1.0%	0.6%

Exchange Rate

During FY1399, the Afghani currency remained stable against major international currencies, but fluctuated slightly against the US dollar. During all three quarters of FY1399, the Afghani currency appreciated by 1.5 percent against the Euro currency, driven by lower imports and increased demand for Afghani in province bordering Pakistan. Afghani currency remained stable against the US dollar between Afs 76 to 77 per US dollar, due to the central bank limited foreign exchange interventions.

A weaker exchange rate tends to make exports more competitive, as Afghan products will be less expensive for foreigners to buy. However, in Afghanistan, the exchange rate plays an insignificant role to help the BoP because of supply deficiencies. Due to unexpected decline in the foreign aid, there is possibility that Afghani will depreciate annually by 1.5 percent in the medium term.

Figure 1: Currency exchange rate



Revenue Performance

Afghanistan's revenue performance during the third quarter FY1399 significantly declined. Compared to similar quarter, revenue collection including grants decreased by 7 percent and without grants decreased by 11 percent respectively. It is mainly driven by the impact of COVID-19 which hardly hit overall economy of the country and due to which the country experience lower economic activities, restrictions on international trade, weaker compliance, political uncertainty, and continued insecurity in the country. Total government's revenue collection including grants till the end of the third quarter of FY1399 reached Afs 232.5 billion, of which Afs 121.1 billion including one-off collection from Da Afghanistan Bank collected through domestic sources. Tax revenue including custom duty was Afs 65.4 billion, which makes 54 percent of domestic sources. The remaining portion of revenue came from the non-tax revenue. Non-tax revenue collection reached Afs 24.6 billion, while it was Afs 29.2 billion till the same quarter of FY1398. In the non-tax revenue component, higher collection came from administrative fees by Afs 17.5 billion which still was 12 percent lower collection compared with similar period of the last year. The outbreak of the Coronavirus and restrictions reflected highly on economic activities. On the other hand, unknown result

of peace process with the Taliban and increased insecurity impacted highly on investments and economic activities which resulted on lower domestic revenue collection compared with the same periods of previous years.

Donor grants also slightly reduced where donors highly supported other countries to fight against COVID-19. Received grands till the third quarter of FY1399 was 111.3 billion, means 2 percent lower compared with the similar quarter of FY1398.

Table 5. Revenue Summary

In millions of Afghanis	1398	1398	1399	1399	1399	% Target	% Change
	Q3	Q3 YTD	Budget	Q3	Q3 YTD		on 1398
Revenues Including Grants	86,663	249,968	407,464	93,332	232,506	57%	-7%
Revenues Excluding Grants	43,005	136,704	177,281	42,202	121,151	68%	-11%
Revenue (without customs)	34,067	108,951	150,694	33,245	99,937	66%	-8%
Tax Revenues (without customs)	18,598	60,175	63,802	13,202	44,299	69%	-26%
Fixed Taxes	3,187	9,571	9,649	3,226	7,902	82%	-17%
Income Taxes	6,126	22,862	24,331	2,980	14,933	61%	-35%
Property Taxes	124	419	437	160	358	82%	-14%
Sales Taxes	8,426	25,577	27,751	6,552	19,713	71%	-23%
Other Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Customs Duty, Import Taxes	8,937	27,754	26,586	8,956	21,214	80%	-24%
Non Tax Revenue	10,029	29,238	53,618	8,381	24,670	46%	-16%
Income from Capital Property	720	1,723	2,089	353	857	41%	-50%
Sales of Goods and Services	1,730	6,085	7,708	1,295	4,810	62%	-21%
Administrative Fees	6,930	20,087	23,528	5,883	17,584	75%	-12%
Royalties	0	0	389.9	-	-	0%	-100%
Non Tax Fines and Penalties	196	507	537	153	565	105%	11%
Extractive Industry	453	835	2,166	698	854	39%	2%
Miscellaneous Revenue	3,825	6,133	30,998	9,633	14,006	45%	128%
Sales of Land and Buildings	127	9,135	2,276	30	13,272	583%	45%
Social Contributions	1,489	4,270	-	1,999	3,690	-	-14%
Grants	43,658	113,263	230,184	51,131	111,355	48%	-2%
Foreign Governments	17,900	63,260	-	43,671	93,521	-	48%
International Organization	25,758	50,003	-	7,460	17,834	-	-64%
Other Government Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Revenues Collection by Key Provinces

Table 6 presents revenue collection by provinces during third quarter of FY1399. Typically, the provinces close to borders collected higher revenue than other provinces because of the large amount of export and import (without the customs offices) cross the border province and generated higher revenue through custom duty. The collection by the key provinces bordered by neighboring countries had higher collections compared with non-border provinces. Collection of most of provinces decreased considerably till the end of third quarter of FY1399 compared with the same quarter of last year. Among these provinces, Herat, Balkh and Nangarhar had the highest collection of Afs 13.6 billion, Afs 12.5 billion, and Afs 10.6 billion respectively. Overall revenue collection in the third quarter of FY1399 compared with the same period of FY1398 was lower, driven mainly the impact of COVID-19 and restrictions due to which all business activities were reduced.

Table 6. Revenue from All Provinces

In millions of Afghanis	1398 Q3	1398 Q3 YTD	1399 Est. Target	1399 Q3	1399 Q3 YTD	% Target	% Change on 1398
REVENUES exc. grants	43,004.9	136,562.3	177,280.6	42,173.6	121,150.9	68%	-11%
Badakhshan	97	279	363	96	239	66%	-15%
Badghis	46	122	158	29	89	56%	-27%
Baghlan	102	323	419	74	239	57%	-26%
Balkh	2,744	8,912	11,569	5,160	12,579	109%	41%
Bamyan	56	160	208	34	124	60%	-23%
Central Ministries	19,299	64,223	83,372	15,127	55,894	67%	-13%
Dikondy	58	127	165	38	87	53%	-32%
Farah	990	2,486	3,227	987	2,727	85%	10%
Faryab	1,202	3,655	4,744	1,359	3,280	69%	-10%
Ghazni	111	337	437	89	289	66%	-14%
Ghor	46	109	141	40	99	70%	-9%
Helmand	229	543	704	180	519	74%	-4%
Herat	5,386	16,369	21,250	6,089	13,655	64%	-17%
Jawzjan	91	278	361	87	221	61%	-21%
Kabul	693	2,288	2,970	1,672	3,809	128%	66%
Kandahar	2,984	9,279	12,046	2,231	6,209	52%	-33%
Kapisa	51	143	186	51	122	65%	-15%
Khost	372	1,221	1,586	568	974	61%	-20%

Kunar	63	184	239	45	130	54%	-29%
Kunduz	333	1,083	1,405	347	1,087	77%	0%
Laghman	56	172	224	107	187	84%	9%
Logar	52	112	146	30	86	59%	-24%
Nangarhar	5,044	14,615	18,972	4,384	10,677	56%	-27%
Nimroz	1,751	5,734	7,444	2,245	5,168	69%	-10%
Nuristan	26	53	69	17	43	63%	-19%
Offshore Payments	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Paktika	237	913	1,186	59	205	17%	-78%
Paktiya	315	1,363	1,769	378	1,058	60%	-22%
Pangsher	37	87	113	15	56	50%	-35%
Parwan	135	354	460	126	295	64%	-17%
Samangan	57	174	226	264	351	155%	101%
Saripul	67	163	211	57	130	62%	-20%
Takhar	133	349	453	91	270	60%	-23%
Uruzgan	21	70	91	19	51	56%	-27%
Wardak	72	181	235	49	122	52%	-33%
Zabul	45	103	133	30	80	60%	-22%

Table 7. Revenues by key province

In millions of Afghanis	1398	1399	1399	% Target	% Change
	$\mathbf{Q}3$	Est. Target	Q3		on 1398
Kabul	693	2,970	801	27%	16%
Nangarhar	5,044	18,972	4,293	23%	-15%
Balkh	2,744	11,569	5,041	44%	84%
Kandahar	2,984	12,046	2,182	18%	-27%
Faryab	1,202	4,744	1,332	28%	11%
Herat	5,386	21,250	6,009	28%	12%
Nimroz	1751	7,444	2,237	30%	28%
Central Ministries	18,818	83,372	15,131	18%	-20%

Grants

Afghanistan still remains heavily reliant on international grant support. Donor grants support to core budget which finances major expenditure items in both operating and development budget. The outcome of Geneva pledging conference 2020 was strong expression of the international community enduring commitment to Afghanistan. Donors pledged at least US 3.3 billion for the first year of the upcoming quadrennial, with annual commitments to stay at the same level year-on-year.

Total revenue including grants till the end of the third quarter amounted to Afs 232.5 billion out of which Afs 111.3 billion was grants only. Table below 8a indicates the operational grants for the third quarter of FY 1399. CSTC-A in the Ministry of Defense is the largest grants contributor consisted of 39 percent of total grants by end of third quarter while it was 56 percent during the same fiscal period in FY1398. Funds released from LOTFA decreased by 14 percent in the third quarter from 33 percent in the same quarter of FY 1398. Similarly, funds from CSTC-A in the Ministry of Interior decreased from 12 percent in the same quarter of FY1398 to 3 percent in the third quarter of FY1399. Afghanistan Reconstruction Trust Fund (ARTF) increased by 38 percent compared to the same quarter of FY 1398.

Table 8b represents the largest development projects financed through grants during the third quarter of FY1399. Two projects related to 'Improving Service Delivery' are the first two largest grant provided with Afs 2.6 billion and Afs 1.6 billion disbursement during the third quarter. Following 'Energy Sector Development Investment Program' was the third project with Afs 1 billion grants expenditure during the third of the year.

Table 8a. Operating Grants

All values are in Million Afs	1398 Q3	1398 Q3 YTD	% Total	1399 Q3	1399 Q3 YTD	% Total
Afghanistan Reconstruction Trust Fund (ARTF)	17	28	0%	16,043	32,550	38%
Law & Order Trust Fund (LOTFA)	6,587	17,728	33%	3,598	16,246	19%
CSTC-A ¹ MoD	9,659	30,236	56%	12,543	33,217	39%
CSTC-A ¹ MoI	1,616	6,463	12%	2,721	2,721	3%

1/ Combined Security Transitional Command Afghanistan

Table 8b. Largest Development Grants for the YTD

All Values are in Million Afghanis	Code	1399 YTD
Improving Service Delivery	32810	2,695
Improving Service Delivery	30940	1,530
0332 Energy Sector Development investment Program Trance 4	35430	1,001

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0362 Water Resources Development Investment Program Project 2	35410	803
PTEC IL 22-7 Expansion Strengthening and Integration of NEPS and SEPS Power Systems and Capacity Building of DABS	38200	794
0422-AFGTransport Network development Investment program Tranche 4	35420	660
Small Development Program - India	40430	657
TF0A7314 Afghanistan Sehatmandi Project	33010	647
0522-Energy Supply improvement Investment Program- Project2	35560	582
G0507 (EF) Panj Amu River Basin Sector Project (MAIL)	35490	508
Rehabilitation of Irrigation systems	30581	490
G 0634/0635-Energy Supply Improvement Investment Program - Project 5	35600	475
0464-Energy Supply Improvement Investment Program-Project 1	35530	454
0327-Transport Network Development Investment Program Tranche 02	35360	436
Higher Education Development Program	32720	427
Transport Network Development Investment Program - Tranche3	35450	402
0375-AFG(EF) North South Power Transmission Enhancement Project	35520	379
Goods, Works, Non-Consulting services, and Consultants Services for parts A.1 and A.2 of the Project activities within the territory of the recipient	32800	359
Goods , Works , Non Consulting Services Training consultants, Services ,training and incremental Operating costs incurred by IDLG Under Parts 2,3 and 4 the project	30872	342
Improvement of Horticulture and facilities	35610	293

Expenditure Performance

Operating and Development Expenditure

Government budget consists of both operating and development budgets. Operating budget consists of the day-to-day expenses of the Government, i.e. the cost of salaries, fuel, textbooks, and medicines. Development budget covers expenditures on development projects such as road building and irrigation systems. Table 9 presents comparison of operating expenditures in the third quarter of FY1399 and FY1398. The total operating expenditure has almost remained in the same level compared to the same period in FY1398. Expenditures on compensation of employees' and social transfers has decreased by 2 percent and 11 percent respectively, while expenditures on use of goods and services, interest, and acquisition of assets has increased significantly compared with similar quarter in FY!398.

Table 10 shows that development expenditures increased by 11 percent compared up to third quarter of 1398. Discretionary expenditures increased by 23 percent and non-discretionary expenditure increased by 1 percent respectively. Expenditure on Use of Goods and Services has increased by 9 percent, while expenditure on acquisition of Non-Financial Assets (NFA) has decrease by 6 percent compared with same quarter of last year. Due to the spread of COVID-19 virus in the country, most of development projects were not implemented as scheduled, where the government highly focused on operation management area, which as a result development budget execution was lower compared with similar period of the last year.

Table 9. Operating Expenditure

In millions of Afghanis	1398 Q3	1398 Q3 YTD	1399 Q3	1399 Q3 YTD	1399 Budget	1399 Allocated	% Budget.	% Change on 1398
TOTAL GROSS EXPENDITURES	71,072	184,361	65,994	183,803	310,212	306,234	59%	0%
TOTAL NET EXPENDITURES (2)	70,945	184,219	65,966	183,682	•	·		
RECURRENT EXPENDITURES								
Compensation of Employees	50,213	138,530	48,525	135,178	210,634	210,634	64%	-2%
Wages and Salaries	48,589	133,883	47,272	131,873				-2%
o/w Wages and Salaries in Cash	41,887	115,977	39,681	113,575				-2%
o/w Wages and Salaries in Kind	5,972	15,879	6,771	16,114				1%
Social Benefits	1,694	4,869	1,393	3,590				-26%
Other Compensation	-71	-222	-140	-285				28%
Use of Goods and Services	9,854	21,816	10,244	24,088	56,094	56,060	43%	10%
Travel	758	1,900	774	1,515				-20%
Food	1,200	2,639	682	1,989				-25%

Contracted Services Repairs and Maintenance	777 1,474	1,891 2,757	437 1,648	1,242 2,564				-34% -7%
Utilities	1,683	2,967	2,320	4,626				56%
Fuel	1,637	4,683	1,849	4,552				-3%
Tools and Materials	948	2,113	945	3,094				46%
Other Use of Goods and Services	1,378	2,867	1,589	4,507				57%
Interest	149	430	274	644	1,958	1,958	33%	50%
To Non-Residents								
Social Transfers	9,664	21,296	5,293	18,976	25,449	25,449	75%	-11%
Subsidies	350	1,050	210	1,054				0%
Grants	73	284	184	490				72%
Foreign Grants	72	257	184	411				60%
Current Grants	1	27	0	79				192%
Social Security	9,138	19,566	4,856	16,141				-18%
Other Social Transfers	103	396	42	1,290				226%
o/w Social Assistance	2	9	28	130				1301%
o/w Advance Subsides, Grants	101	387	14	1,160				200%
ACQUISITION OF ASSETS								
Gross Acquisition of NFA	1,064	2,146	1,630	4,796	12,133	12,133	40%	124%
Net Acquisition of NFA ¹	937	2,004	1,601	4,675				133%
Sale of Land and Buildings	-127	-142	-28	-121				-15%
Buildings and Structures	139	384	163	1,016				165%
Machinery / Equipment (>50,000)	608	1,011	1,190	1,645				63%
Valuables	0	1	0	1				82%
Land	302	697	268	2,124				205%
Capital Advance Payments	14	54	10	10				-82%
Contingency Fund					3,944	0		_

Table 10. Development Expenditure Summary

In millions of Afghanis	1398	1398	1399	1399	1399	1399	%	% Change
	Q3	Q3 YTD	Q3	Q3 YTD	Budget	Allotted	Budget.	on 1398
TOTAL GROSS EXPENDITURES	26,864	77,052	36,568	85,394	209,747	206,396	41%	11%
Discretionary Budget	12,923	35,195	18,579	43,316			-	23%
Non-discretionary Budget	13,941	41,857	17,989	42,077			-	1%
TOTAL NET EXPENDITURES (2)	26,737	76,910	36,540	85,273				
Use of Goods and Services	8,435	24,516	10,269	26,801	61,519	60,518	44%	9%
Travel	123	366	74	231				-37%
Communications	16	33	5	16				-52%
Contracted Services	6,209	19,119	6,952	20,328				6%
Repairs and Maintenance	158	448	371	709				58%
Utilities	32	80	45	79				-2%
Fuel	38	136	33	78				-43%
Other Use of Goods and Services	1,859	4,333	2,788	5,360				24%
o/w Tools and materials (< 50,000)	0	0	0	0				-100%
o/w Other Expenses	328	745	220	647				-13%
o/w Advances and Return of Expenditure	1,085	2,458	1,749	3,683				50%
Subsides, Grants, Social Expenditures	162	296	4,051	9,426	14,502	14,502	65%	3082%
ACQUISITION OF ASSETS								
Gross Acquisition of NFA	18,267	52,240	22,249	49,167	132,420	131,376	37%	-6%
Net Acquisition of NFA ¹	18,139	52,098	22,220	49,046				-6%
Sale of Land and Buildings	-127	-142	-28	-121				-15%
Buildings and Structures	10,812	33,227	17,865	37,362				12%
Machinery / Equipment (>50,000)	4,942	15,356	3,323	8,064				-47%
Valuables	0	0	1	1				
Land	2	159	13	16				-90%
Capital Advance Payments	2,511	3,499	1,047	3,724				6%
Contingency Fund	0	0	0	0	1,307	0		

^{1/} Net of proceeds from Sale of Non-Financial Assets

Expenditures by Sector

Table 11 presents comparison of sector-wise expenditures for the third quarter of 1399 and 1398. These sectors include Security, Governance, Education, Health, Agriculture, Social Protection, Infrastructure and Economic Governance. Looking at the expenditures, the table shows that the gross expenditure in the third quarter of 1399 is 5 percent higher than in the same quarter of 1398. The sector-wise expenditure is provided both for operating and development budget. Operating budget expenditure shows 7 percent decrease, whereas development budget expenditure shows 36 percent increase compared with the last year's same period.

The execution performances of all sectors have improved during the third quarter of FY 1399. Health sector has the highest improvement of 86 percent, expenditures on Agriculture, Economic governance, Security and infrastructure increased by 75, 10, 6 and 1 percent respectively, though expenditures on Governance, Social Protection and education has decreased by 21, 14 and 13 percent respectively.

Table 11. Expenditures by sector

In millions of Afghanis	1398 Q3	1398 Q3 YTD	1399 Q3	1399 Q3 YTD	1399	1399 Allocated	% Change on 1398
TOTAL GROSS EXPENDITURES	97,809	261,271	102,534	269,076	Budget 519,959	512,629	5%
Operating Budget	70,945	184,219	65,966	183,682	310,212	306,234	-7%
Development Budget	26,864	77,052	36,568	85,394	209,747	206,396	36%
Security	36,919	101,683	39,162	102,792	182,354	182,354	6%
Operating Budget	36,644	100,868	38,718	101,914	180,528	180,528	6%
Development Budget	276	816	444	878	1,825	1,825	61%
Governance	10,682	26,586	8,394	27,485	55,316	54,115	-21%
Operating Budget	7,300	18,647	6,156	16,955	28,763	28,763	-16%
Development Budget	3,382	7,939	2,238	10,530	26,553	25,352	-34%
Infrastructure	14,931	40,066	15,032	34,522	89,374	89,374	1%
Operating Budget	1,164	3,231	986	4,165	6,534	6,534	-15%
Development Budget	13,767	36,835	14,046	30,357	82,840	82,840	2%
Education	12,984	32,902	11,263	32,287	50,119	50,119	-13%
Operating Budget	12,043	30,711	10,169	29,885	44,213	44,213	-16%
Development Budget	941	2,191	1,094	2,402	5,906	5,906	16%
Health	2,375	11,000	4,416	14,934	32,160	31,316	86%
Operating Budget	1,086	2,671	1,261	3,970	7,116	7,115	16%
Development Budget	1,288	8,329	3,155	10,964	25,045	24,201	145%
Agriculture	6,190	19,254	10,807	19,648	47,818	47,818	75%
Operating Budget	639	1,796	580	1,605	2,463	2,463	-9%
Development Budget	5,551	17,458	10,227	18,043	45,355	45,355	84%
Social Protection	6,856	12,386	5,883	12,670	18,648	18,614	-14%
Operating Budget	6,533	11,645	5,656	12,225	17,531	17,497	-13%

Development Budget	323	741	227	444	1,117	1,117	-30%
Economic Governance	6,872	17,393	7,577	24,738	38,919	38,919	10%
Operating Budget	5,536	14,650	2,440	12,963	19,119	19,119	-56%
Development Budget	1,336	2,743	5,138	11,775	19,800	19,800	285%
Unclassified	0	0	0	0	5,251	0	-
Operating Budget	0	0	0	0	3,944	0	-
Development Budget	0	0	0	0	1,307	0	-

Expenditure by COFOG

Table 12 presents expenditures based on the COFOG -Classification of Functions of the Government, which is a classification of core government activities by the UN. It covers 10 core functions of the government. Major portion of development spending is capital in nature and majority of operating spending are recurrent. However, there is some spending in development spending such as salary of technical assistants which are recurrent in nature, and similarly there is some operating spending which is capital in nature.

Total gross expenditure in the third quarter of FY1399 was Afs 102.792 million. This shows an increase of 2% from the same quarter of 1398. Recurrent expenditure increased by 4 percent, while capital expenditure has decreased by 2 percent. Spending on Environmental protection, General Public Services, Health, Social Protection and Defense has increased, whereas spending in all other sections have decreased in the third quarter of FY1399. Overall, total net expenditure in the third quarter has increased as compared to the same period of FY1398. Heath sector has the highest spending till the third quarter, which was driven by higher spending on healthcare and medicine purposes due to spread of COVID-19 and the number of COVID-19 patients were increasing during this period.

Table 12. COFOG Expenditure

In millions of Afghanis	1398	1398	1398	1399	1399	1399	
	Q3	Q3 YTD	% Total	Q3	Q3 YTD	% Total	% Change
TOTAL NET EXPENDITURE	98,530	263,543	100%	102,792	269,827	100.0%	2%
Sale of Land and Buildings	-127	-142	0%	-28	-121	0.0%	-15%
TOTAL GROSS EXPENDITURE	98,657	263,685	100%	102,820	269,948	100.0%	2%
RECURRENT EXPENDITURE	78,908	208,501	79%	79,049	216,091	80.0%	4%
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	19,750	55,184	21%	23,771	53,856	20.0%	-2%
General Public Services	28,304	75,151	29%	28,328	80,276	29.7%	7%
Recurrent Expenditure	20,836	53,983	20.5%	19,595	58,867	21.8%	9%
Capital Expenditure	7,468	21,168	8.0%	8,732	21,409	7.9%	1%
Defense	22,310	61,428	23%	25,813	63,925	23.7%	4%
Recurrent Expenditure	21,816	60,054	22.8%	24,127	61,337	22.7%	2%

Capital Expenditure	494	1,374	0.5%	1,685	2,588	1.0%	88%
Public Order and Safety	10,598	28,238	11%	8,974	26,273	9.7%	-7%
Recurrent Expenditure	9,246	26,774	10.2%	8,842	26,132	9.7%	-2%
Capital Expenditure	1,351	1,464	0.6%	132	141	0.1%	-90%
Economic Affairs	13,527	39,031	15%	16,310	36,722	13.6%	-6%
Recurrent Expenditure	5,481	13,312	5%	5,871	13,242	4.9%	-1%
Capital Expenditure	8,046	25,719	10%	10,439	23,480	8.7%	-9%
Environmental Protection	569	881	0%	483	1,079	0.4%	23%
Recurrent Expenditure	68	179	0%	69	191	0.1%	7%
Capital Expenditure	501	702	0%	414	888	0.3%	27%
Housing and Communal Amenities	1,403	3,363	1%	1,931	3,140	1.2%	-7%
Recurrent Expenditure	327	949	0%	508	1,276	0.5%	35%
Capital Expenditure	1,076	2,415	1%	1,423	1,863	0.7%	-23%
Health	2,399	11,065	4%	4,423	14,946	5.5%	35%
Recurrent Expenditure	2,294	10,427	4%	4,133	12,706	4.7%	22%
Capital Expenditure	105	638	0%	289	2,241	0.8%	251%
Recreation, Culture and Religion	892	2,430	1%	880	2,122	0.8%	-13%
Recurrent Expenditure	796	2,174	1%	767	1,973	0.7%	-9%
Capital Expenditure	96	256	0%	114	148	0.1%	-42%
Education	12,424	31,454	12%	10,221	29,808	11.0%	-5%
Recurrent Expenditure	11,842	30,039	11%	9,720	28,752	10.7%	-4%
Capital Expenditure	582	1,414	1%	501	1,056	0.4%	-25%
Social Protection	6,231	10,644	4%	5,458	11,656	4.3%	10%
Recurrent Expenditure	6,202	10,610	4%	5,417	11,615	4.3%	9%
Capital Expenditure	30	34	0%	41	41	0.0%	22%

Expenditure Summary by Inputs

Table 13 presents expenditure based on the major Domestic code level in the third quarter of 1399. The highest spending was on compensation of employees section with 64 percent execution rate, while the lowest spending was on Use of Goods and Services, and Interest with 17 percent, and 14 percent execution rate. Spending on most of the codes had increased as compared to the same quarter in 1398. Higher budget expenditure mostly related to spending on healthcare purposes as by the spread of COVID-19, the number of patients were increased and the government allocated more budget in this sector.

Table 13. Expenditure Summary by Input

In millions of Afghanis	1398	1398	1399	1399	1399	1399	% Growth	%
	Q3	Q3 YTD	Budget	Allocated	Q3	Q3 YTD	on 1398	Budget.
TOTAL GROSS EXPENDITURES	97,809	261,271	519,959	512,629	102,534	269,076	3%	52%
Operating Budget	70,945	184,219	310,212		66,242	183,682	0%	59%
Development Budget	26,864	77,052	209,747		36,568	85,394	11%	41%
Discretionary Budget	12,923	35,195			22,540	52,562	49%	
Non-discretionary Budget	13,941	41,857			14,028	32,832	-22%	
TOTAL NET EXPENDITURES	97,682	261,129			102,505	268,955	- 3%	
RECURRENT EXPENDITURES	78,478	206,885			78,655	215,113	4%	
Compensation of Employees	50,213	138,530	210,634	210,634	48,525	135,178	-2%	64%
Wages and Salaries	48,589	133,883			47,272	131,873	-2%	
Social Benefits	1,694	4,869			1,393	3,590	-26%	
Other Compensation	(71)	(222)			(140)	(285)	28%	
Use of Goods and Services	18,290	46,332	117,613	116,577	20,513	50,889	10%	17%
Travel	881	2,266			849	1,746	-23%	
Food	1,216	2,672			687	2,005	-25%	
Contracted Services	6,986	21,010			7,389	21,569	3%	
Repairs and Maintenance	1,632	3,205			2,019	3,273	2%	
Utilities	1,715	3,047			2,365	4,705	54%	
Fuel	1,675	4,819			1,882	4,630	-4%	
Tools and Materials	1,394	3,244			1,765	4,124	27%	
Other Use of Goods and Services	2,791	6,069			3,557	8,837	46%	
Interest	149	430	1,958	1,958	274	644	50%	14%
Social Transfers	9,827	21,593	39,951	39,951	9,344	28,402	32%	23%
Subsidies	350	1,050			210	1,055	0%	
Grants	74	286			275	581	103%	
Foreign Grants	72	258			184	411	59%	
Current Grants	2	28			90	169	501%	
Social Security	9,138	19,566			8,816	25,386	30%	
Other Social Transfers ¹	265	691			42	1,380	100%	
ACQUISITION OF ASSETS							-	
Gross Acquisition of NFA	19,331	54,386	144,553	143,509	23,878	53,963	-1%	17%
Net Acquisition of NFA ²	19,204	54,244			23,850	53,842	-1%	

Sale of Land and Buildings ³	(127)	(142)			(28)	(121)	-15%	
Buildings and Structures	10,952	33,610			18,028	38,378	14%	
Machinery / Equipment	5,550	16,366			4,512	9,709	-41%	
Valuables	0	1			1	3	244%	
Land	304	856			280	2,140	150%	
Capital Advance Payments	2,525	3,553			1,057	3,734	5%	
Contingency Fund	-	-	5,251	-	-	-	-	0%

^{1/} Repayment of Advances can cause this line to be negative

Debt

Despite continual efforts towards self-reliance, Afghanistan remains heavily dependent on grants. The impact of COVID-19 hit hard the economy during the year and international organizations provided sufficient amount of grants to combat the crisis particularly for health sector. The government also borrowed due to the pandemic issue but remained low.

Table 14 shows 1.1 percent decrease in debt stock from the end of the second quarter of FY 1399 to the end of third quarter. Similarly, debt stock has decreased slightly by one percent compared to the same quarter in FY 1398. As per agreement with international partners Afghanistan is going to be self-reliant by the year 2024 this means most of the grants and donations will be replaced by the official borrowings from the International Financial Institutions and increase in the domestic revenue for financing the domestic economy of Afghanistan.

International organizations as listed below, remained the main lenders for Afghanistan. Overall, the provided lower debt during the third quarter of the year. In which, IMF's debt decreased by 14.3 percent as compared to the second quarter of the year. Similarly, Islamic Development Bank debt ratio also decreased slightly by 2.1 percent, while the World Bank's debt ratio to some extent increased by 1.8 percent respectively. Foreign governments' mainly the Saudi Fund increased by 3.2 percent, while Russian Fund slightly declined to 0.2 percent during the third quarter of the year. Overall, foreign governments' debt ratio in the Afghan economy decreased by 8 percent in comparison to the same quarter of last year in which Russian Federation still remains the largest lenders.

^{2/} Net of proceeds from Sale of Non-Financial Assets

^{3/} Negative as this represents a revenue line

Table 14: Government Debt Stock

	1398	1399	1399	% C	hange
All amounts in Million Afs	Q3	Q2	Q 3	YoY	m QoQ
EXTERNAL	164,465	165,282	163,402	-1%	-1.1%
International Organizations	86,039	93,483	91,415	6%	-2.2%
IMF	6,247	21,547	18,474	-14%	-14.3%
World Bank	26,511	25,711	26,169	2%	1.8%
Islamic Development Bank	3,721	3,170	3,103	-17%	-2.1%
Asian Development Bank	49,429	42,938	43,555	-12%	1.4%
Others	131	117	114	-13%	-2.4%
Foreign Governments	78,426	71,799	71,987	-8%	0.3%
Russian Federation	70,087	61,180	61,065	-13%	-0.2%
Saudi Fund	5,137	5,938	6,129	19%	3.2%
Others	3,202	4,681	4,793	50%	2.4%
DOMESTIC	7,170	70	167	-98%	136.9%
Bonds (Non-Tradable)	7,170	70	167	-98%	136.9%
Commercial Banks	0%	0%	0%	-	-
TOTAL CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEBT	171,635	165,352	163,569	-5%	-1.1%

Fiscal Sustainability

Ensuring fiscal sustainability has become crucial subject and key goal of Ministry of Finance (MoF) to sustain its current spending, tax and other policies in the long run without threatening government solvency or defaulting on some of its liabilities or promised expenditures. Nevertheless, attributable to enormous expenditure pressures and lower revenue growth as percentage of GDP there has been strain in attaining a self-sustainable level of expenditure. Similarly, gradual decline in international donor's grant has attributed to difficulty in achieving self-sustainable level of expenditure.

Table 15 shows the fiscal sustainability indicators. Revenue collection for FY 1399 was projected to reach 207 billion but due to outbreak of COVID-19 and pandemic, the revenue target declined significantly to Afs 177 billion. The share of domestic revenue in total revenue collection decreased substantially in the third quarter of FY 1399. Domestic revenue collection decreased from

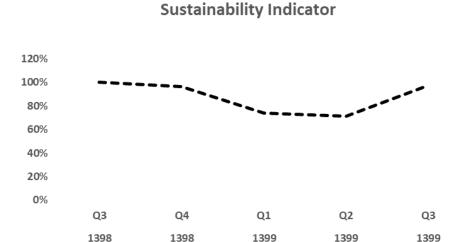
70 percent in third quarter of FY1398 to 40 percent in third quarter of FY1399. Correspondingly the share of customs in total revenue decreased by 9 percent. On the other hand, the share of grants in total revenue decreased from 47 percent in second quarter to 43 percent in third quarter of FY1399. Operating expenditure to domestic revenue ratio also decreased 13 percent in during the third quarter of FY1399. The ratio of salaries over total expenditures have considerably increased to 47 percent, as it was 43 percent during the second quarter of the year.

Table 15. Fiscal Sustainability

	1398	1398	1399	1399	1399
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Domestic Revenue/Total	70%	65%	71%	53%	40%
Customs Revenue/Total	15%	9%	14%	6%	9%
Grants/Total	30%	35%	29%	47%	43%
Op. Spending/Dom. Rev.	168%	135%	128%	178%	165%
Salaries/Total Expenditure	51%	37%	68%	43%	47%
Interest/Expenditure	0.5%	0.4%	0.8%	0.4%	0.5%
Financing/Expenditure	-9.6%	-6.5%	-6.2%	-22.1%	8.0%

Overall Table 15 indicates considerably decrease in domestic revenue collection in the FY1399 and increase in the international grants compared to the FY1398. Fiscal sustainability depends on strong and stable macroeconomic framework. The Afghan government is committed for mobilization of domestic revenue through bringing reforms in taxation policies, implementing effective tax administration in custom houses and revenue collection agencies and enforcement of measures to collect non-tax revenue through fees and charges to sustain fiscal sustainability. Any decrease in the indicators exacerbates the sustainability.

Figure 3: Fiscal Sustainability Ratio



Fiscal Balance

Table 16 shows that the government financing consists of domestic grants, domestic revenue, borrowing and sale of assets. Revenue including grants declined by 7 percent compared to the same quarter in FY1398. Driven mainly by low donor grants, and less domestic revenue collection due to lower economic activities and high uncertainties in the country. Also the impacts of COVID-19 hit hard the economy and businesses during the year. Whereas recurrent expenditure increased by 4 percent and interest payments increased by 50 percent respectively. Up to third quarter, government run deficit of 64 percent in operating balances. Net acquisition of financial assets also decreased by 97 percent. Similarly, the gap between lending and borrowing, financing and net acquisition of financial liabilities decreased highly during the third quarter of the year.

Table 16: Summary Transactions Affecting Net Worth

In millions of Afghanis	1398 Q3	1398 Q3 YTD	1399 Q3	1399 Q3 YTD	% Change on 1398
TRANSACTIONS AFFECTING NET WORTH					_
Revenues including Grants	86,663	249,968	93,332	232,506	-7%
Expenditures (Recurrent)	79,048	208,491	79,522	217,548	4%
Interest	149	430	274	644	50%

Net Operating Balance Primary Operating Balance	7,615 7,765	41,476 41,907	13,810 14,084	14,958 15,601	-64% -63%
TRANSACTIONS IN NONFINANCIAL ASSETS					
Net Acquisition of Nonfinancial Assets	19,635	55,071	24,169	54,985	0%
Net Lending-Borrowing Financing	-12,020 14,336	-13,594 11,884	-10,358 7,498	-40,027 36,069	194% 204%
TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
Net Acquisition of Financial Assets	1,687	-8,249	-9,849	-215	-97%
Net Acquisition of Financial Liabilities	12,649	20,133	17,347	36,284	80%
RETAINED EARNINGS					
Discrepancies	2,316	-1,710	-2,860	-3,958	131%

Table 17 presents the transaction s in non-financial assets or property market. Up to third quarter of FY1399, total purchase of non-financial assets has decreased by 1 percent only compared to the same period in FY1398. The large portion of expenditures on capital was on the purchase of land and buildings.

Table 17. Transactions in Non-Financial Assets

In millions of Afghanis	1398	1398	1399	1399	% Change
	Q3	Q3 YTD	Q3	Q3 YTD	on 1398
NET ACQUISITION OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS	19,204	54,244	23,850	53,842	-1%
Land and Buildings	11,128	34,324	18,280	40,397	18%
Purchase of Land and Buildings	11,256	34,466	18,308	40,518	18%
Buildings and Structures	10,952	33,610	18,028	38,378	14%
Land	304	856	280	2,140	150%
Sale of Land and Buildings	-127	-142	-28	-121	-15%
Sale of State-Owned Enterprises	0	0	0	0	-
Machinery and Equipment (>50,000)	5,550	16,366	4,512	9,709	-41%
Valuables	0	1	1	3	244%
Other Acquisitions	2,525	3,553	1,057	3,734	5%
Capital Advance Payments	2,525	3,553	1,057	3,734	5%

Annexure

Table 20. Detailed Operating Expenditure

In millions of Afghanis		Total Op	erating Expe	nditures		Wa	iges	G	+S	N	FA	Oth	ers
	1398 Q3 YTD	1399	% Change	1399 Budget	% Budget	1398 Q3 YTD	1399 Q3 YTD						
TOTAL	185,233	185,552	0.2%	310,007	60%	138,600	136,607	22,690	24,596	2,144	4,716	21,799	19,632
Total Security	100,868	101,914	1.0%	180,528	56%	86,931	84,289	10,856	14,357	1,264	2,255	1,816	1,013
Ministry of Interior Affairs	36,531	35,743	-2.2%	66,409		30,145	28,080	4,015	5,214	591	1,447	1,781	1,002
Ministry of Defense	42,811	43,959	2.7%	81,454		40,290	39,256	2,189	4,202	317	501	15	0
Ministry of Foreign Affairs	4,536	4,514	-0.5%	6,416		2,713	2,774	1,729	1,718	93	22	0	-0
National Security Council	876	2,123	142.3%	3,971		711	1,970	144	139	0	3	20	12
Presidential Protective Service	1,360	1,424	4.7%	2,343		1,240	1,297	119	126	1	0	0	0
General Directorate of National Security	14,753	14,152	-4.1%	19,936		11,832	10,912	2,659	2,958	262	282	-0	0
Total Governance, Rule of Law and Human Rights	19,716	18,973	-3.8%	28,763	66%	14,153	14,642	5,084	3,642	333	48	146	641
Administrative Office of the President	3,465	3,001	-13.4%	1,886		2,143	2,290	1,208	680	41	19	72	12
Meshrano Jirga	373	366	-1.7%	560		315	323	57	42	0	1	-0	-0
Wolesi Jirga	981	1,129	15.1%	1,665		909	1,051	72	78	0	0	0	-0
Supreme Court	2,732	2,849	4.3%	4,248		2,594	2,725	128	122	11	2	0	-0
Ministry of Justice	557	567	1.9%	934		439	492	118	76	0	0	-0	0
Administrative Office of the President	3,465	3,001	-13.4%	5,611		2,143	2,290	1,208	680	41	19	72	12
Ministry of State & Parliamentary Affairs	125	116	-7.0%	218		96	103	26	13	2	0	0	0
Ministry of Haj & Religious Affairs	929	915	-1.6%	1,723		778	815	149	99	2	1	0	-0
Attorney General Office	1,971	2,198	11.5%	3,174		1,691	1,982	276	215	4	1	0	0
Independent Election Commission	720	359	-50.2%	657		628	320	88	39	2	0	1	-0
Independent Administrative Reforms and Civil Service	416	385	-7.3%	612		284	298	101	87	31	0	0	-0
Independent Commission for Overseeing the Implementation of Cons	57	47	-17.3%	78		42	38	15	9	0	0	0	-0
High Office of Anti-Corruption	0	0	-	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Independent Directorate of Local Governance	2,949	3,387	14.9%	5,816		1,393	1,420	1,369	1,349	187	1	-0	616
Afghanistan Independent Human Rights Commission	22	19	-10.4%	62		0	5	22	15	0	0	0	0

Independent Electoral Complaints Commission	302	278	-8.1%	419		230	232	61	41	11	4	0	0
State Ministry For Peace	0	267	-	819		0	195	0	72	0	0	0	-0
Executive Directorate and Secretariat of Ministers Council	654	89	-86.4%	281		467	64	186	25	0	0	0	0
Total Infrastructure and Natural Resources	3,345	4,194	25.4%	6,616	63%	2,089	2,003	805	460	451	1,731	-0	-0
Ministry of Public Works	681	2,039	199.6%	2,749		309	332	138	59	234	1,648	0	0
Ministry of Transport	176	141	-20.2%	274		131	116	43	25	2	0	0	0
Ministry of Communication and Information Technology	438	357	-18.4%	558		315	296	123	62	0	0	-0	-0
Ministry of Energy and Water	583	499	-14.4%	902		382	408	165	92	36	0	0	-0
Urban Water Supply and Canalization Corporation	0	0	-	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Da Afghanistan Brishna Shirkat	0	0	-	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ministry of Urban development and Housing	319	303	-5.0%	636		237	262	58	41	24	0	0	0
Civil Aviation Authority	237	254	6.9%	470		182	147	55	42	0	65	-0	0
Capital Region Independent Development Authority	190	41	-78.4%	77		8	6	30	20	152	14	0	0
Ministry of Mines and petroleum	513	342	-33.3%	588		365	269	148	73	0	0	-0	-0
National Environmental Protection Agency	168	177	5.5%	287		129	134	37	41	2	2	0	-0
Afghanistan Atomic Energy Commission	39	40	1.6%	75		30	34	8	6	0	0	0	-0
Kabul Municipality	0	0	-	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Education	30,711	29,885	-0	44,213	1	28,183	27,933	2,481	1,922	47	31	-0	-0
Ministry of Education	25,498	23,564	-7.6%	34,003		24,255	22,679	1,203	881	41	5	-0	-0
Ministry of Higher Education	3,977	4,160	4.6%	6,611		3,127	3,530	849	629	2	0	0	0
Ministry of Information and Culture	500	408	-18.3%	607		341	313	155	94	3	1	0	0
Afghanistan Academy of Sciences	176	191	8.6%	294		159	174	17	15	0	3	-0	0
General Directorate of Sports and Fitness	185	145	-21.6%	328		60	58	126	74	0	13	0	-0
Radio and television of Afghanistan	375	357	-4.8%	583		242	256	131	99	2	2	-0	0
Technical and Vocational Education & Training Authority	0	1,031	-	1,735		0	904	0	125	0	2	0	0
Access To Information Commission	0	29	-	53		0	19	0	5	0	5	0	0
Total Health	2,671	3,970	48.6%	7,116	56%	1,944	2,141	724	1,828	3	1	0	-0
Ministry of Public Health	2,671 2,671	3,970 3,970	48.6%	7,116 7,116	30%	1,944 1,944	2,141 2,141	7 24 724	1,828	3	1	0	- 0 -0
winistry of rubile ficaltif	2,0/1	3,370	40.070	7,110		1,344	Z,141	124	1,020	3	1	U	-0
Total Agriculture and Rural Development	1,796	1,605	-10.6%	2,463	65%	1,467	1,388	317	216	13	0	0	0

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Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation & Livestock	901	886	-1.6%	1,281		790	802	108	84	3	0	0	0
Ministry of Counter Narcotics	141	0	-100.0%	0		104	0	37	0	0	0	-0	0
Ministry of Rural Rehabilitation and Development	393	348	-11.3%	514		277	275	106	73	10	0	0	0
Afghanistan Independent Land Authority	362	371	2.5%	668		296	312	65	59	0	0	0	0
Total Social Protection	11,477	12,048	5.0%	17,244	70%	1,327	1,421	491	374	15	4	9,645	10,250
Ministry of Frontiers and Tribal Affairs	286	253	-11.5%	470		180	184	106	69	0	0	-0	-0
Ministry of Labor Social Affairs Martyrs and Disabled	10,075	11,093	10.1%	15,166		715	787	236	172	10	4	9,115	10,129
Ministry of Refugee &Returns	242	253	4.6%	421		183	204	57	50	2	0	0	0
Ministry of Women Affairs	157	145	-7.3%	248		123	118	32	27	2	0	0	-0
Afghanistan National Disaster Management Authority	624	216	-65.4%	793		62	62	32	33	0	0	530	121
Directorate of Kochis	93	88	-5.1%	146		65	66	28	23	0	0	-0	-0
Total Economic Gov. and Private Sector Devel't	14,650	12,963	-11.5%	19,119	68%	2,507	2,791	1,932	1,797	19	647	10,192	7,728
Total Economic Gov. and Private Sector Devel't Ministry of Finance	14,650 13,675	12,963 11,773	- 11.5% -13.9%	19,119 16,760	68%	2,507 1,824	2,791 1,892	1,932 1,656	1,797 1,509	19 2	647 643	10,192 10,192	7,728 7,728
	•	•		•	68%	•	•	•	•			-	•
Ministry of Finance	13,675	11,773	-13.9%	16,760	68%	1,824	1,892	1,656	1,509	2	643	10,192	7,728
Ministry of Finance Ministry of Commerce and Industry	13,675 421	11,773 349	-13.9% -17.3%	16,760 578	68%	1,824 263	1,892 265	1,656 158	1,509 84	2	643	10,192	7,728 0
Ministry of Finance Ministry of Commerce and Industry Ministry of Economy	13,675 421 223	11,773 349 200	-13.9% -17.3% -10.1%	16,760 578 298	68%	1,824 263 157	1,892 265 155	1,656 158 51	1,509 84 45	2 0 16	643 0 0	10,192 0 0	7,728 0 -0
Ministry of Finance Ministry of Commerce and Industry Ministry of Economy Supreme and Audit office	13,675 421 223 124	11,773 349 200 130	-13.9% -17.3% -10.1% 5.1%	16,760 578 298 229	68%	1,824 263 157 94	1,892 265 155 110	1,656 158 51 30	1,509 84 45 20	2 0 16 0	643 0 0	10,192 0 0	7,728 0 -0 -0
Ministry of Finance Ministry of Commerce and Industry Ministry of Economy Supreme and Audit office Central Statistics organization	13,675 421 223 124 147	11,773 349 200 130 451	-13.9% -17.3% -10.1% 5.1% 206.7%	16,760 578 298 229 1,145	68%	1,824 263 157 94 124	1,892 265 155 110 327	1,656 158 51 30 23	1,509 84 45 20 121	2 0 16 0	643 0 0 0 3	10,192 0 0 0 -0	7,728 0 -0 -0
Ministry of Finance Ministry of Commerce and Industry Ministry of Economy Supreme and Audit office Central Statistics organization Micro Finance Investment Support Facility for Afghanistan	13,675 421 223 124 147 0	11,773 349 200 130 451	-13.9% -17.3% -10.1% 5.1% 206.7%	16,760 578 298 229 1,145	68%	1,824 263 157 94 124	1,892 265 155 110 327 0	1,656 158 51 30 23	1,509 84 45 20 121 0	2 0 16 0 0	643 0 0 0 3	10,192 0 0 0 -0	7,728 0 -0 -0 -0
Ministry of Finance Ministry of Commerce and Industry Ministry of Economy Supreme and Audit office Central Statistics organization Micro Finance Investment Support Facility for Afghanistan	13,675 421 223 124 147 0	11,773 349 200 130 451	-13.9% -17.3% -10.1% 5.1% 206.7%	16,760 578 298 229 1,145	68% 0%	1,824 263 157 94 124	1,892 265 155 110 327 0	1,656 158 51 30 23	1,509 84 45 20 121 0	2 0 16 0 0	643 0 0 0 3	10,192 0 0 0 -0	7,728 0 -0 -0 -0
Ministry of Finance Ministry of Commerce and Industry Ministry of Economy Supreme and Audit office Central Statistics organization Micro Finance Investment Support Facility for Afghanistan Afghanistan National Standard Authority	13,675 421 223 124 147 0 60	11,773 349 200 130 451 0 60	-13.9% -17.3% -10.1% 5.1% 206.7%	16,760 578 298 229 1,145 0		1,824 263 157 94 124 0 46	1,892 265 155 110 327 0 42	1,656 158 51 30 23 0 14	1,509 84 45 20 121 0 18	2 0 16 0 0 0	643 0 0 0 3 0	10,192 0 0 0 -0 0 -0	7,728 0 -0 -0 -0 0
Ministry of Finance Ministry of Commerce and Industry Ministry of Economy Supreme and Audit office Central Statistics organization Micro Finance Investment Support Facility for Afghanistan Afghanistan National Standard Authority Total Unclassified	13,675 421 223 124 147 0 60	11,773 349 200 130 451 0 60	-13.9% -17.3% -10.1% 5.1% 206.7%	16,760 578 298 229 1,145 0 109		1,824 263 157 94 124 0 46	1,892 265 155 110 327 0 42	1,656 158 51 30 23 0 14	1,509 84 45 20 121 0 18	2 0 16 0 0 0	643 0 0 0 3 0 0	10,192 0 0 0 -0 0 -0	7,728 0 -0 -0 -0 0

^{1/} Interest, and Subsidies and Transfers

Table 18a. Detailed Ministry Expenditure

In millions of Afghanis	139	08	139	9	1399	1399		
	Q3	Q3 YTD	Q3	Q3 YTD	Budget	Allocated	% Alloc.	% Increase
TOTAL GROSS EXPENDITURES	97,809	261,271	102,534	269,076	514,708	512,629	52%	3%
Operating Budget	70,945	184,219	65,966	183,682	310,212	306,234	60%	0%
Development Budget	26,864	77,052	36,568	85,394	209,747	206,396	41%	11%
Ministry of Interior Affairs	13,265	36,821	13,017	35,972	66,828	66,828	54%	-2%
Operating Budget	13,092	36,531	12,876	35,743	66,409	66,409	54%	-2%
Development Budget	173	290	141	229	419	419	55%	-21%
Ministry of Defense	15,782	42,824	18,122	43,968	81,491	81,491	54%	3%
Operating Budget	15,770	42,811	18,115	43,959	81,454	81,454	54%	3%
Development Budget	12	12	7	9	37	37	23%	-30%
Ministry of Foreign Affairs	1,617	4,967	1,772	5,125	7,506	7,506	68%	3%
Operating Budget	1,582	4,536	1,488	4,514	6,416	6,416	70%	0%
Development Budget	34	431	285	612	1,090	1,090	56%	42%
National Security Council	321	876	975	2,123	3,971	3,971	53%	142%
Operating Budget	321	876	975	2,123	3,971	3,971	53%	142%
Development Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0		-
Presidential Protective Service	514	1,387	538	1,425	2,511	2,511	57%	3%
Operating Budget	491	1,360	538	1,424	2,343	2,343	61%	5%
Development Budget	23	27	0	1	168	168	1%	-95%
General Directorate of National Security	5,421	14,809	4,739	14,180	20,046	20,046	71%	-4%
Operating Budget	5,388	14,753	4,727	14,152	19,936	19,936	71%	-4%
Development Budget	34	56	12	28	110	110	25%	-50%
Total Security	36,919	101,683	39,162	102,792	182,354	182,354	56%	1%
Operating Budget	36,644	100,868	38,718	101,914	180,528	180,528	56%	1%
Development Budget	276	816	444	878	1,825	1,825	48%	8%
Office of the Chief of staff to the president	821	2,160	226	983	1,886	1,886	52%	-55%
Operating Budget	821	2,160	226	983	1,886	1,886	52%	-55%
Development Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Administrative Office of the President	3,315	8,032	1,601	8,104	18,800	18,658	43%	1%
Operating Budget	1,511	3,465	1,447	3,001	5,611	5,611	53%	-13%

Development Budget	1,804	4,567	154	5,103	13,188	13,046	39%	12%
Wolesi Jirga	396	981	361	1,129	1,681	1,681	67%	15%
Operating Budget	396	981	361	1,129	1,665	1,665	68%	15%
Development Budget	0	0	0	0	16	16	0%	-
Meshrano Jirga	133	373	136	374	568	568	66%	0%
Operating Budget	133	373	128	366	560	560	65%	-2%
Development Budget	0	0	7	7	8	8	98%	-
Supreme Court	930	2,739	957	2,851	4,262	4,262	67%	4%
Operating Budget	929	2,732	955	2,849	4,248	4,248	67%	4%
Development Budget	1	7	2	2	13	13	15%	-71%
Ministry of Justice	252	627	243	593	999	999	59%	-5%
Operating Budget	210	557	230	567	934	934	61%	2%
Development Budget	42	71	12	26	65	65	39%	-64%
Executive Directorate and Secretariat of Ministers Council	272	831	-5	128	383	383	33%	-85%
Operating Budget	215	654	-5	89	281	281	32%	-86%
Development Budget	58	177	0	39	102	102	38%	-78%
Ministry of State & Parliamentary Affairs	47	137	44	120	238	238	50%	-12%
Operating Budget	44	125	44	116	218	218	53%	-7%
Development Budget	4	12	0	4	20	20	18%	-70%
Ministry of Haj & Religious Affairs	380	1,105	400	986	2,013	2,013	49%	-11%
Operating Budget	320	929	353	915	1,723	1,723	53%	-2%
Development Budget	60	176	47	72	290	290	25%	-59%
Attorney General Office	716	2,018	785	2,199	3,175	3,175	69%	9%
Operating Budget	703	1,971	784	2,198	3,174	3,174	69%	11%
Development Budget	14	47	1	1	1	1	78%	-98%
State Ministry For Peace	0	0	125	267	819	819	33%	-
Operating Budget	0	0	125	267	819	819	33%	-
Development Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Independent Administrative Reforms and Civil Service	401	1,131	368	954	1,657	1,657	58%	-16%
Operating Budget	152	416	145	385	612	612	63%	-7%
Development Budget	249	715	223	569	1,045	1,045	54%	-20%
Afghanistan Central Civil Registration Authority	242	544	0	0	0	0	-	-100%
Operating Budget	112	235	0	0	0	0	-	-100%

Development Budget Independent Commission for Overseeing the Implementation of	130	309	0	0	0	0	-	-100%
Cons	21	57	20	47	78	78	60%	-17%
Operating Budget	21	57	20	47	78	78	60%	-17%
Development Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Independent Directorate of Local Governance	2,190	4,798	2,891	8,096	17,614	16,556	49%	69%
Operating Budget	1,174	2,949	1,101	3,387	5,816	5,816	58%	15%
Development Budget	1,016	1,849	1,791	4,708	11,798	10,740	44%	155%
Afghanistan Independent Human Rights Commission	11	32	11	19	68	68	29%	-38%
Operating Budget	6	22	11	19	62	62	31%	-10%
Development Budget	5	10	0	0	6	6	0%	-100%
Independent Electoral Complaints Commission	141.62	302.12	102.26	277.72	419	419	66%	-8%
Operating Budget	141.62	302.12	102.26	277.72	419	419	66%	-8%
Development Budget	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	-	-
Independent Election Commission	411.84	719.73	129.77	358.68	657	657	55%	-50%
Operating Budget	411.84	719.73	129.77	358.68	657	657	55%	-50%
Development Budget	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0	0	0%	-
Total Governance, Rule of Law and Human Rights	10,682	26,586	8,394	27,485	55,316	54,115	51%	3%
Operating Budget	7,300	18,647	6,156	16,955	28,763	28,763	59%	-9%
Development Budget	3,382	7,939	2,238	10,530	26,553	25,352	42%	33%_

Table 18b. Detailed Ministry Expenditure

(In millions of Afghanis)		1398		1399	1399	1399		
		Q3 YTD		Q3 YTD	Budget	Allocated	% Alloc.	%Change
Ministry of Public Works	4,590	10,360	4,509	10,829	24,237	24,237	45%	5%
Operating Budget	196	681	208	2,039	2,749	2,749	74%	200%
Development Budget	4,394	9,679	4,301	8,790	21,489	21,489	41%	-9%
Ministry of Transport	75	199	50	142	304	304	47%	-29%
Operating Budget	66	176	49	141	274	274	51%	-20%
Development Budget	9	23	1	1	30	30	5%	-94%
Ministry of Communication and Information Technology	253	705	238	543	2,361	2,361	23%	-23%
Operating Budget	168	438	135	357	558	558	64%	-18%
Development Budget	86	267	103	186	1,803	1,803	10%	-30%

Ministry of Energy and Water	1,896	6,581	2,364	5,473	11,818	11,818	46%	-17%
Operating Budget	227	583	165	499	902	902	55%	-14%
Development Budget	1,669	5,997	2,200	4,974	10,916	10,916	46%	-17%
Urban Water Supply and Canalization Corporation	77	415	127	475	750	750	63%	14%
Operating Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Development Budget	77	415	127	475	750	750	63%	14%
Da Afghanistan Brishna Shirkat	4,110	11,610	2,559	5,421	20,793	20,793	26%	-53%
Operating Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Development Budget	4,110	11,610	2,559	5,421	20,793	20,793	26%	-53%
Ministry of Urban development and Housing	1,162	2,983	1,666	2,707	5,964	5,964	45%	-9%
Operating Budget	114	319	100	303	636	636	48%	-5%
Development Budget	1,048	2,664	1,567	2,404	5,329	5,329	45%	-10%
Civil Aviation Authority	1,084	2,794	1,042	4,589	8,451	8,451	54%	64%
Operating Budget	79	237	73	254	470	470	54%	7%
Development Budget	1,005	2,557	969	4,335	7,981	7,981	54%	70%
Capital Region Independent Development Authority	325	887	177	426	1,172	1,172	36%	-52%
Operating Budget	113	190	9	41	77	77	53%	-78%
Development Budget	212	697	167	385	1,095	1,095	35%	-45%
Ministry of Mines and petroleum	456	939	558	1,105	2,484	2,484	44%	18%
Operating Budget	166	513	119	342	588	588	58%	-33%
Development Budget	291	426	439	763	1,896	1,896	40%	79%
Afghanistan Railway Authority	43	1,163	1,247	1,835	4,189	4,189	44%	58%
Operating Budget	24	54	113	148	205	205	72%	172%
Development Budget	20	1,109	1,134	1,687	3,984	3,984	42%	52%
Afghanistan Atomic Energy Commission	12	39	15	40	121	121	33%	2%
Operating Budget	12	39	15	40	75	75	53%	2%
Development Budget	0	0	0	0	46	46	0%	-
Kabul Municipality	846	1,391	480	936	6,729	6,729	14%	-33%
Operating Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Development Budget	846	1,391	480	936	6,729	6,729	14%	-33%
Total Infrastructure and Natural Resources	14,931	40,066	15,032	34,522	89,374	89,374	39%	-14%
Operating Budget	1,164	3,231	986	4,165	6,534	6,534	64%	29%
Development Budget	13,767	36,835	14,046	30,357	82,840	82,840	37%	-18%

Ministry of Education	10,475	26,868	8,496	24,984	37,298	37,298	67%	-7%
Operating Budget	9,883	25,498	7,969	23,564	34,003	34,003	69%	-8%
Development Budget	592	1,370	527	1,420	3,295	3,295	43%	4%
Ministry of Higher Education	1,927	4,526	1,707	4,773	8,261	8,261	58%	5%
Operating Budget	1,670	3,977	1,351	4,160	6,611	6,611	63%	5%
Development Budget	257	549	356	613	1,650	1,650	37%	12%
Ministry of Information and Culture	258	657	254	551	887	887	62%	-16%
Operating Budget	202	500	154	408	607	607	67%	-18%
Development Budget	56	157	99	143	280	280	51%	-9%
Access To Information Commission	0	0	13	29	53	53	55%	-
Operating Budget	0	0	13	29	53	53	55%	-
Development Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Afghanistan Academy of Sciences	70	184	75	196	337	337	58%	6%
Operating Budget	62	176	70	191	294	294	65%	9%
Development Budget	8	9	5	5	43	43	12%	-40%
General Directorate of Sports and Fitness	70	235	84	156	391	391	40%	-33%
Operating Budget	61	185	74	145	328	328	44%	-22%
Development Budget	9	50	11	11	63	63	18%	-77%
Technical and Vocational Education & Training Authority	0	0	493	1,173	2,026	2,026	58%	-
Operating Budget	0	0	410	1,031	1,735	1,735	59%	-
Development Budget	0	0	82	141	291	291	49%	-
Radio and television of Afghanistan	183	431	141	426	866	866	49%	-1%
Operating Budget	164	375	127	357	583	583	61%	-5%
Development Budget	19	56	14	69	283	283	24%	22%
Total Education	12,984	32,902	11,263	32,287	50,119	50,119	64%	-2%
Operating Budget	12,043	30,711	10,169	29,885	44,213	44,213	68%	-3%
Development Budget	941	2,191	1,094	2,402	5,906	5,906	41%	10%
Ministry of Public Health	2,375	11,000	4,416	14,934	32,160	31,316	48%	36%
Operating Budget	1,086	2,671	1,261	3,970	7,116	7,115	56%	49%
Development Budget	1,288	8,329	3,155	10,964	25,045	24,201	45%	32%
Total Public Health	2,375	11,000	4,416	14,934	32,160	31,316	48%	36%
Operating Budget	1,086	2,671	1,261	3,970	7,116	7,115	56%	49%
Development Budget	1,288	8,329	3,155	10,964	25,045	24,201	45%	32%

Table 18c. Detailed Ministry Expenditure

(In millions of Afghanis)		1398 Q3 YTD		1399 Q3 YTD	1399 Budget	1399 Allocated	% Alloc.	%Change
Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation & Livestock	2,184	4,912	4,876	6,875	15,363	15,363	45%	40%
Operating Budget	307	901	326	886	1,281	1,281	69%	-2%
Development Budget	1,877	4,012	4,550	5,989	14,081	14,081	43%	49%
Ministry of Counter Narcotics	50	187	0	0	0	0	-	-100%
Operating Budget	46	141	0	0	0	0	-	-100%
Development Budget	4	46	0	0	0	0	-	-100%
Ministry of Rural Rehabilitation and Development	3,685	13,479	5,650	12,148	31,016	31,016	39%	-10%
Operating Budget	151	393	120	348	514	514	68%	-11%
Development Budget	3,534	13,086	5,530	11,800	30,502	30,502	39%	-10%
Afghanistan Independent Land Authority	271	676	280	625	1,440	1,440	43%	-8%
Operating Budget	135	362	134	371	668	668	55%	3%
Development Budget	136	314	146	254	772	772		-19%
Total Agriculture and Rural Development	6,190	19,254	10,807	19,648	47,818	47,818	41%	2%
Operating Budget	639	1,796	580	1,605	2,463	2,463	65%	-11%
Development Budget	5,551	17,458	10,227	18,043	45,355	45,355	40%	3%
Ministry of Frontiers and Tribal Affairs	126	323	107	275	546	546	50%	-15%
Operating Budget	113	286	97	253	470	470	54%	-12%
Development Budget	13	37	10	22	76	76	29%	-41%
Ministry of Labor Social Affairs Martyrs and Disabled	6,065	10,333	5,355	11,302	15,528	15,528	73%	9%
Operating Budget	6,002	10,075	5,194	11,093	15,166	15,166	73%	10%
Development Budget	63	258	161	210	362	362	58%	-19%
Ministry of Refugee &Returns	286	586	146	401	866	866	46%	-32%
Operating Budget	91	242	110	253	421	421	60%	5%
Development Budget	195	344	36	148	445	445	33%	-57%
Ministry of Women Affairs	75	191	60	168	306	306	55%	-12%
Operating Budget	63	157	52	145	248	248	59%	-7%
Development Budget	12	35	8	23	59	59	39%	-34%
National Environmental Protection Agency	97	214	69	193	378	378	51%	-10%
Operating Budget	61	168	66	177	287	287	62%	6%
Development Budget	36	46	3	16	91	91	18%	-65%

Afghanistan National Disaster Management Authority	169	624	107	225	841	807	28%	-64%
Operating Budget	169	624	103	216	793	759	28%	-65%
Development Budget	0	0	5	9	47	47	20%	-
Directorate of Kochis	39	114	40	104	183	183	57%	-8%
Operating Budget	34	93	35	88	146	146	60%	-5%
Development Budget	4	21	4	16	37	37	43%	-23%
Total Social Protection	6,856	12,386	5,883	12,670	18,648	18,614	68%	2%
Operating Budget	6,533	11,645	5,656	12,225	17,531	17,497	70%	5%
Development Budget	323	741	227	444	1,117	1,117	40%	-40%
Ministry of Finance	5,970	15,594	6,600	22,695	33,293	33,293	68%	46%
Operating Budget	5,170	13,675	1,963	11,773	16,760	16,760	70%	-14%
Development Budget	801	1,919	4,637	10,923	16,533	16,533	66%	469%
Ministry of Commerece and Industry	179	475	167	418	859	859	49%	-12%
Operating Budget	163	421	133	349	578	578	60%	-17%
Development Budget	16	53	34	70	281	281	25%	30%
Ministry of Economy	147	444	154	397	844	844	47%	-11%
Operating Budget	75	223	70	200	298	298	67%	-10%
Development Budget	71	221	84	196	545	545	36%	-11%
Supreme and Audit office	66	166	69	177	553	553	32%	6%
Operating Budget	46	124	52	130	229	229	57%	5%
Development Budget	21	43	16	47	324	324	14%	9%
Central Statistics organization	394	551	334	757	2,820	2,820	27%	37%
Operating Budget	56	147	201	451	1,145	1,145	39%	207%
Development Budget	339	404	134	306	1,675	1,675	18%	-24%
Micro Finance Investment Support Facility for Afghanistan	103	103	234	234	431	431	54%	126%
Operating Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	34 /0	120/6
Development Budget	103	103	234	234	431	431	54%	126%
Afghanistan National Standard Authority	103 12	6 0	20	60	120	120	50%	0%
Operating Budget	26	60	20	60	109	109	55%	0%
Development Budget	-15	0	0	0	103	103	0%	-
Total Economic Gov. and Private Sector Devel't	6,871.66	17,393.27	7,577.38	24,737.61	38,919.42	38,919.42	64%	42%
Operating Budget	5,535.73	14,650.26	2,439.64	12,962.81	19,119.36	19,119.36	68%	-12%

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Development Budget	1,335.93	2,743.01	5,137.74	11,774.80	19,800.06	19,800.06	59%	329%
Unallocated Reserves	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Operating Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Development Budget	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
Unspecified	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-
code 90	0	0	0	0	3,944	0	-	-
code 91	0	0	0	0	1,307	0	-	-
Total Unclassified	0	0	0	0	0	0		-
Operating Budget					3,944			-
Development Budget	-	-	-	-	1,307	-	-	-

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